

Armenians Ask U. S. Help for New Free State

2,500 Greet Gen. Andranik at Hippodrome, Where Plea Is Made for Relief Against Turk Oppression

Gerard Opposes Mandate Says America Should Support Independent Nation; Allied Greed Criticized

More than 2,500 Armenians filled the Hippodrome yesterday to greet the members of the civil and military missions of Armenia to the United States who have come here to lay before the American people the story of their country's suffering and to ask for aid in the establishment of a free and independent Armenia.

Among the Armenian leaders present was General Andranik, national hero and military genius. General Andranik, who won fame in the Russian army and later as organizer of the Armenian army which liberated a large part of his country from the Turks, was acclaimed by the audience.

General Andranik, who bears a striking resemblance to Marshal Foch, pleaded for American aid to save millions of starving Armenians now struggling desperately against terrible odds to keep alive and to launch their new nation.

General Andranik was bitter in his criticism of Allied diplomats, who, he charged, were not inclined to grant the independence of Armenia but to keep intact the old Turkish empire, with the exception of those regions which certain of the Allied countries desired for themselves. General Andranik placed all hope of the Armenian people on the United States.

Fought Against Turks 36 Years

The general, who has fought for thirty-six years against the Turks in the Russian, Persian and Armenian armies, said:

"The Armenian people have always fought for the Cross against the Turks, who have contributed nothing to civilization except cruelty and barbarism, and if the world is really Christian and civilized, Christian Armenia will get justice. But if Armenia does not get justice, the world is neither Christian nor civilized. Armenia was formerly divided among Russia, Persia and Turkey. Russia is fallen and now the powers want to give Cilician Armenia to France. If that happens, history will record that all the powers forsake Armenia, but that Armenia did not forsake them in the hour of their greatest need."

General Andranik was supported by former Ambassador James W. Gerard,

who is chairman of the American Committee for the Independence of Armenia. Mr. Gerard opposed the idea of an American mandate for Armenia and asserted that the Armenian people are capable of ruling themselves.

American Mandate Opposed

He said that America will not accept a mandate for Armenia and that the only way to help Armenia is to get back to her feet as an independent nation would be by giving her direct aid, which, he said, Senator Lodge, Elihu Root, Charles E. Hughes and other members of the American Committee for the Independence of Armenia favor. Mr. Gerard said:

"America will not accept any mandate for Armenia. Hughes, Lodge, Root, Butler and Bonaparte, who are members of our committee, are absolutely opposed to America's accepting mandates. I am in full sympathy with this view. I feel there is the duty of America to extend aid to any nation, we need not be directed by a group of powers to perform that duty. Our people are deeply interested in the establishment of a free Armenia, and the creation of an Armenian state extending from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean and America will do her share in the creation of that state."

Platform of Committee

"This is the platform of our committee, and it is our purpose to see to it that that platform is carried out with regard to certain secret treaties. America did not fight to enable her Allies to enrich themselves at the expense of Armenia. The first thing for us to do is to have the destroyed and public recognized, so that we may be able properly to feed and clothe the starving million and a half Armenians who are now perishing. They destroyed and dispersed the Armenians of Turkish Armenia, but it shall be our duty to return the refugees to their homes and to fill up the gap created by the Turks' crime."

Opposes Turkish Aims

"Some queer Americans advocate that America accept mandates for Constantinople, Anatolia, Armenia and other regions. If there were any possibility of America's accepting any such mandate, I should deem it a duty to do all I could to prevent it. Any such joint mandate scheme is purely Turkish. A joint mandate serves to extend and consolidate the rule of the Turks and promote Pan-Turanianism; kill the Armenian race and nationality, and smother Christianity in the Near East."

"It is a well known fact that the Turks entered this war with the specific purpose of establishing a connecting link between themselves and the Tartars of the Caucasus and Trans-Caspian. The Armenians stood in the way, so they attempted to exterminate the Armenian race. It is now being proposed that the Turks be offered an opportunity to attain under American protection that which they failed to achieve through the war. Armenian state stretching from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean, is the only barrier that will prevent the expansion of the Pan-Turanian ambition of the Turks."

Other speakers were O. Kadzianouni, former Prime Minister of the Armenian Republic, Dr. Garo Padermajian and Professor A. Der Hagopian, vice-presidents of the Armenian national delegation to the peace conference, and General Agop Bagratouni, formerly of the Russian army and commander of the military district of Petrograd.

Dr. Richard Pearce Is Made Official of Rockefeller Fund

University of Pennsylvania Professor To Be General Director of the Division of Medical Education

The Rockefeller Foundation announced yesterday that its annual report, covering its war work and medical and sociological activities in twenty-one countries during 1918, will be available to-day in pamphlet form. George E. Vincent, the president, also announced the appointment of Dr. Richard M. Pearce as general director of the division of general medical education.

Dr. Pearce is professor of research medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, where he formerly was professor of pathology. During the war he was chairman of the division of medical science of the National Research Council. As an official of the Rockefeller Foundation Dr. Pearce will aid in formulating plans for developing medical education in countries outside the United States and cooperate with the general education board in its program for medical education in this country.

Received \$20,239,875

The annual report shows that during the final year of the war the foundation received \$20,239,875, including a gift of \$1,000,000 from Mr. Rockefeller to make possible larger gifts to the Cross and the United War Work Fund. Of this it expended \$15,050,202 in activities carried on alone or in cooperation with independent agencies.

It extended a campaign against tuberculosis in France. Conducted demonstrations in malaria control in Arkansas and in Mississippi. Helped to check a yellow fever epidemic in Guatemala.

Made investigations and surveys and inaugurated measures against the same disease in Ecuador. Continued or began hookworm control in Guatemala, Cuba, and Mexico.

Supported a school of hygiene and public health, which was opened in October in connection with Johns Hopkins University.

Contributed to various war-work agencies until the total given since 1914 reached nearly \$22,500,000. Rushed forward the construction work on fifteen buildings of a new medical center in Peking. Increased the funds of twenty-four

missionary hospitals, medical and pre-medical schools in China. Co-operated with South American institutions in establishing certain departments of research and teaching.

Maintained sixty-eight fellows and scholars from the United States, China and Brazil who were studying at American medical schools. Supported studies in mental hygiene; Infantile Paralysis Work. Continued appropriations for the after-care of infantile paralysis cases; Made additional gifts to the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research; Lent for various services expert members of the foundation's staff; Brought its studies in industrial relations to an end.

Made surveys for the American Red Cross and for the American Social Hygiene Association. In addition to these more characteristic activities of the foundation, appropriations in fulfillment of pledges were made to a number of organizations whose work does not lie directly in the fields of public health, medical education or war service.

Cites Daylight Saving Need in Coal Crisis

Marks Says It Proves Wisdom of the State Continuing the Statute

The present coal crisis demonstrates the wisdom of New York State's continuance of daylight saving, according to a statement issued yesterday by Marcus M. Marks, president of the National Daylight Saving Association.

According to Mr. Marks, the present state daylight saving law probably will be amended at the next session of the legislature, providing five instead of seven months of daylight saving, to begin the last Sunday in April. "Fuel Administrator Garfield's report showed the saving of a million and a quarter tons of coal during the summer through the small amount of gas and electric current manufactured because of the extra hour of daylight," said Mr. Marks. "The development of home gardens is estimated, added more than \$500,000,000 worth of produce and reduced the cost of living for thousands of families. Health was saved through more sunlight and fresh air. Gardens were reduced, eyestrain in artificial light was lessened and time was made uniform with that of twelve European countries operating under daylight saving laws."

Former Soldiers Are Fined For Attacking Ticket Agent

Honorably discharged soldiers should live up to the characters given them in their discharge, said Magistrate Tobias, of the Tombs Police Court, yesterday, fining three veterans \$5 each for disorderly conduct.

The prisoners were Olaf Landstorf, 108 West 104th Street; William Langenblum, 53 West 128th Street, and Harry Benson, 480 Brook Avenue, The Bronx. They were charged with having assaulted a subway ticket agent when he caught them trying to evade payment of fare, and each pleaded that he was an honorably discharged soldier.

Women to Press Welfare Measures At Coming Session

Miss Dreier Serves Notice on Republicans Fight Will Be Renewed for Wage, Hours and Health Acts

Miss Mary Dreier, chairman of the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, supported by the New York State and New York City Women Voters' League, the Consumers' League and the Women's Trade Union League, said last night that the welfare bills, so-called, the discussion of which provoked great interest at Albany last winter, will be introduced again next session and resolutely pressed for passage.

"The women of the State of New York, generally speaking, favor the passage of the welfare bills," said Miss Dreier. "I refer to the eight-hour day bill, the minimum wage bill and the health insurance bill. The women supporting these measures want to improve industrial conditions among women. That is what they got the vote for. No defeat will daunt the friends of these measures. If they fail at one session they will be introduced at the next. If the Republicans do not pass the bills we shall keep at the work of getting them through, and it is possible that the Republicans may not have a chance to pass them."

"These measures passed the Senate last winter, but they were held up in the Rules Committee in the Assembly by Speaker Sweet. I do not know how Mr. Sweet feels toward the bills this year. I understand the Assemblyman Roosevelt, Ex-Senator Mills and others are in favor of legislation along this line. I noticed that Chairman Hays, of the National Committee, advocated a forward-looking and a forward-stepping policy in legislation. That is what the women ask with reference to these measures."

During the last week, while the Republican Legislature might go in passing them, Speaker Sweet and Senator J. Henry Walters, together with Assemblyman Roosevelt, Ex-Senator Ogden Mills, Colonel Herbert Parsons and Chairman Glynn, of the Republican State Committee, took part in these conferences. There is a general understanding that the Legislature will go as far as it reasonably can in passing new welfare laws, as the Republicans are against giving Governor Smith an opportunity to charge the Republicans with indifference toward liberal laws.

The minimum wage law may get through under another name. It may be called a living wage law. There is

little chance of a health insurance bill passing. Senator Mackrell, of Troy, who voted for the insurance bill last year, said that his constituents, numbering thousands of collar shop workers, are against the bill and that he will oppose it. The country doctors all over the state and the fraternal organizations to a large extent also are against the bill. The eight-hour bill, with modifications, may pass.

Sunday Blue Laws Are Ignored in Baltimore

Small Dealers Remain Open, but Police Take Names for the Grand Jury

BALTIMORE, Dec. 7.—Bootblacks, ice cream dealers, druggists and small candy and soda vendors paid little attention to the 1723 "blue laws" to-day, and as a result Baltimore enjoyed a "wide open" Sunday, in so far as the purchase of chewing gum, soft drinks, cigars, candy and ice cream was concerned. No arrests were made. In accordance with orders from the police commissioners, policemen took the names of all druggists and storekeepers, bootblacks and barbers, drivers of ice cream delivery trucks and other violators. A thousand or more of these names will be dumped upon the grand jury.

Automobile garages were kept closed to-night in accordance with the edict of the automobile dealers' association that no sales of fuel and no repairs were to be made on Sunday. Touring parties passing through from Philadelphia, New York or Washington found themselves in a predicament when they sought repairs, gas or oil and were denied service.

An attorney, who will probably make the first test of the law in the courts, said to-day he will make a comparison of conditions in Baltimore as they existed first when law was enacted in 1860 and the present day, when so many new articles, almost necessary, have been brought into the Sunday markets. The first of the "blue" laws, enacted in 1723, made "Sabbath breaking" punishable by a fine of "400 pounds of tobacco." In the same year the first Sunday selling law was passed, which prohibited "housekeepers selling strong liquor on Sunday" under a penalty of a fine of 2000 pounds of tobacco.

Elks Hold Annual Memorial Service for 80 Dead Members

The annual memorial service for the members of New York Lodge, No. 1, B. P. O. E., was held last night in the Elks Club, Forty-third Street, near Sixth Avenue. Eighty members of the lodge have died in the last year. Three—William B. McDonald, Jesse Steinthal and Thomas W. Hastings—were in war service. Captain N. Taylor Phillips delivered the memorial address.

J. T. Baker Dies Grieving Over Loss of His Daughter

End of Former Representative Hastened by Sorrow; Girl Wore Fourragere and Ranked as French Corporal

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7.—J. Thompson Baker, seventy-two, former Representative from the 2d New Jersey Congressional District, died in a hospital here to-day after a long illness. The death of Mr. Baker was hastened by that of one of his daughters, Miss Katherine Baker, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., September 22 last, after nearly two years heroic service as a war nurse in France.

Miss Baker returned to America early this year, ranking as a French army corporal and wearing the fourragere. She had been attached to the 137th Regiment of the French army, which participated in the Somme and other campaigns. During these engagements the regiment won its honors.

She had planned to return to France, but after spending a few months with her parents her health began to decline. She was taken to Saranac Lake, but grew steadily worse. Her dying request was that she be buried among the mountains. This was fulfilled.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday at 2 p. m. in St. Simeon's Episcopal Church, Wildwood, of which Mr. Baker was a vestryman. Interment will be in the Gold Springs Cemetery, between Wildwood and Cape May.

Mr. Baker was born in Union County, Pa., and was educated at Bucknell University. He studied law with Judge Joseph C. Buckner. He was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania more than thirty years ago. Mr. Baker was president of the Union National Bank of Lewisburg, Pa., for twelve years. With his brothers Mr. Baker founded Wildwood, N. J., and the borough of Wildwood Crest, N. J. He was president of the Wildwood Title and Trust Company. In 1911 he was elected the first mayor of the consolidated city of Wildwood. Mr. Baker was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1912, and the following year served as a member of the Sixty-third Congress. Mr. Baker became one of President Wilson's ardent supporters.

GEORGE SEALEY

George Sealey, seventy-one, a retired real estate operator, was found dead yesterday morning in the archedway in front of 164 East 125th Street, where he lived. The body was discovered by Patrolman Vaughn, of the East 126th Street station, after Mrs. Joseph

Gerard, of 117 East 128th Street, had reported to the police that Sealey had not returned home Saturday night. Death was due to natural causes, according to the police.

LYMAN M. TREADWAY To United States Is Dead

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, Dec. 6 (Delayed).—Dr. Manuel S. Morales, former Salvadoran Minister of Foreign Affairs and at one time Minister from this country to the United States, died to-day. Dr. Morales was widely known in Central America and held many positions of importance.

Mrs. Lillian M. Wood Dead

Mrs. Lillian M. Wood, forty-five, of 530 East 148th Street, the Bronx, was stricken yesterday while walking across Union Square, where she had a few minutes after being taken to the Babies' Hospital, Fifty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue.

OBITUARY NOTES

GEORGE PATTERSON TANGEMAN, seventy-two, for many years an officer of the Royal Baking Powder Company, which his father-in-law, George H. H. Bond, founded, died Saturday at his apartment, the Vanderbilt Hotel. Mr. Tangeman was a resident of New York for many years, formerly a manufacturer and printer. FREDERICK W. FLETCHER, seventy, editor of "The Carpet and Upholstery Trade Review," died Saturday at his home, 100 West 10th Street, New York City. WILLIAM H. STEVENS, forty-nine, for nine years special agent of the Ward Line Steamship Company in Mexico and Central America, died Thursday in New Orleans of yellow fever.

LOUIS M. SONNENBERG, forty-three, of the law firm of Studin & Sonnenberg, died Saturday at his home, 420 West 42nd Avenue. He was a graduate of Yale College and his law school and practiced in this city.

PATRICK J. MCNEILS, seventy-four, an insurance agent and broker, died Saturday after a long illness at his home, 708 Leonard Street, Brooklyn. He was survived by his wife, three daughters and three sons.

WILLIAM W. GREGORY, forty-three, formerly a sergeant in Company A, 13th Rhode Island Infantry, died Saturday at his home, 100 West 10th Street, New York City. He was employed by the Federal Reserve Bank.

MRS. SARAH COOPERMAN, sixty-two, widow of Michael Cooperman, formerly in the shoe business, is dead at her home, 125 Broadway. She was survived by her son, Michael J. Tobin, sixty-two, for many years in the printing business in Brooklyn, died Saturday at his home, 427 Sterling Road, Brooklyn. He was survived by his wife, three daughters and three sons.

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FRANCIS P. GARVAN, Alien Property Custodian

BIRTHS

FRANKEL—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frankel, of 100 West 104th Street, announce the arrival of a daughter at Lying-In Hospital, December 6, 1919.

ROEMER—Mr. and Mrs. Milton Roemer, of 100 West 104th Street, announce the arrival of a son on Saturday, December 6.

ENGAGEMENTS

GOLDZIER—BRUCKHEIMER—Mr. and Mrs. E. Bruckheimer wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Marion, to Sanford E. Goldzier, son of Mr. and Mrs. Goldzier. Reception will be held at the Hotel Baltimore, December 21, from 3 until 6 o'clock.

GORDON—ELLINGER—Betrothed. Miss Harriet Ellinger to Mr. Leon Gordon. Reception at 322 West 104th St., Sunday, December 14, from 3 to 6.

GUMPERT—LEVY—Mr. and Mrs. Sol Levy, of 601 West 15th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Levy, to Benjamin Arthur Gumpert, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Gumpert, of Brooklyn. Reception at Hotel Ritz-Carlton, December 14, after 3.

LEVY—FISCHER—Mr. and Mrs. Emil Fischer, 130 Riverside Drive, who recently announced the betrothal of their daughter, Florence Alice, to Mr. Alfred S. Levy, will be at home on Sunday, December 14, from 3 until 6.

LEWINE—BERG—Mr. and Mrs. David Berg, of 128 East 78th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Edna, to Mr. Archibald E. Lewine. At home December 14, from 3 to 6.

ROSENZWEIG—MARX—Mrs. Ruth Marx of 601 West 15th St., announces the betrothal of her daughter, Evelyn, to Irving (Jack) Rosenzweig. At home Sunday, December 15, at 3 p. m., 3131 Broadway.

SIMON—ROSENZWEIG—Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenzweig, of 115 Wallace Street, announce the engagement of their daughter, Harriet R. to Mr. Samuel Simon, of Trenton, N. J. Reception at home on Sunday, December 21, 1919. No card.

THOMAS—BERSE—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Berse, of 26 West 113th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Clarye, to Mr. S. S. Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Thomas, of New York. Reception will be held the evening of February 23, 1920, at Hotel Majestic.

MARRIAGES

HOFFMANN—CHESTER—Mrs. William Hoffmann Chester announces the marriage of her daughter, Beatrice, to Captain Arthur Joseph Hoffmann, of S. A., on December 6, at the Marble Collegiate Church.

SQUIER—BONTECOU—On Saturday, December 6, at the Church of St. Andrew, South Orange, N. J., by the Rev. P. C. Wick Todd, assisted by the Rev. Thomas A. Conner, Margaret, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Thayer Bonnet, and Mrs. Edward Robinson Squibb 24, of Berkeley, N. J.

WHITE—HANDY—At Bay City, Mich., December 6, 1919, by the Rev. Guy V. Hoard, Dorothy Handy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Handy, and John Dolan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Dolan, of Utica, N. Y.

DEATHS

CALENDER—On Saturday, December 6, 1919, at her residence, 630 Park av., Mary Calender, widow of the late S. S. Calender, and daughter of the late S. S. Calender, died at her residence, 630 Park av., at 8 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CROSIER—Suddenly, on Friday, December 5, 1919, Helen, beloved daughter of the late William and Margaret Crozier. Funeral from her late residence, 16 Kingsland av., Elmhurst, at 9:30 a. m., December 6, 1919. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

SONNENBERG—Louis M., in his 44th year, son of Ida and the late Michael Sonnenberg, of New Haven, and brother of Justice S. R. Sonnenberg, died at his residence, 420 West End av., on Tuesday, December 2, 1919, at 10:30 a. m. He was buried at the chapel of Michael Israel Cemetery, New Haven, Conn., 11:30 a. m., December 3, 1919.

TANGEMAN—On December 6, 1919, George Patterson Tangeman, 72nd year, at the Vanderbilt Hotel, New York, after lingering illness. Funeral private. Cincinnati papers please copy.

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